#### COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### **FOR**

## Senate Bill No. 477

(By Senators Tucker, Beach, Cann, Edgell, Fitzsimmons, Green, D. Hall, Miller, Palumbo, Plymale, Snyder, Williams, Kessler (Mr. President), Yost, Wells, Nohe, Cookman and Stollings)

[Originating in the Committee on Education; reported February 18, 2014.]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §18A-4-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to daily planning periods for certain school employees; providing that teachers determine the use of time of a planning period; prohibiting administrators from compelling a teacher to attend any work-related event during a planning period except for occasional specified instances; defining "meeting"; and setting forth when a planning period begins.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That §18A-4-14 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

# §18A-4-14. Duty-free lunch and daily planning period for certain employees.

1 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven, article two of this chapter, every teacher who is employed for 2 a period of time more than one half the class periods of the 3 regular school day and every service person whose 4 5 employment is for a period of more than three and one-half hours per day and whose pay is at least the amount indicated 7 in the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a 8 of this article shall be provided a daily lunch recess of not less than thirty consecutive minutes, and the employee shall not be assigned any responsibilities during this recess. The 10 11 recess shall be included in the number of hours worked, and 12 no county shall increase the number of hours to be worked by 13 an employee as a result of the employee being granted a recess under the provisions of this section. 14

(b) Every teacher who is regularly employed for a period 15 16 of time more than one half the class periods of the regular school day shall be provided at least one planning period 17 18 within each school instructional day to be used to complete 19 necessary preparations for the instruction of pupils. No teacher may be assigned any responsibilities during this 20 21 period, and no county shall increase the number of hours to be worked by a teacher as a result of such teacher being 22 23 granted a planning period subsequent to the adoption of this section (March 13, 1982). The use of the entire period of 24 25 time allotted for a planning period is determined by the 26 teacher. Administrators may not compel a teacher to attend 27 meetings, training or any other work-related event during a 28 planning period except for occasional instances of conferences with teachers, including team meetings and 29 evaluation conferences. "Meeting" for the purpose of this 30 31 section includes, but is not limited to, IEP meetings, 504 Plan meetings and parent-teacher conferences. A planning period 32

- 33 begins once students are physically delivered to another
- 34 teacher or dismissed from a class.
- 35 The duration of the planning period shall be in
- 36 accordance with the following:
- 37 (1) For grades where the majority of the student
- 38 instruction is delivered by only one teacher, the planning
- 39 period shall be no less than forty minutes; and
- 40 (2) For grades where students take separate courses
- 41 during at least four separate periods of instruction, most
- 42 usually delivered by different teachers for each subject, the
- 43 planning period shall be the length of the usual class period
- 44 taught by the teacher, but no less than forty minutes.
- 45 Principals, and assistant principals, where applicable, shall
- 46 cooperate in carrying out the provisions of this subsection,
- 47 including, but not limited to, assuming control of the class
- 48 period or supervision of students during the time the teacher
- 49 is engaged in the planning period. Substitute teachers may
- 50 also be utilized to assist with classroom responsibilities under
- 51 this subsection: *Provided*, That any substitute teacher who is

employed to teach a minimum of two consecutive days in the
same position shall be granted a planning period pursuant to

54 this section.

(c) Nothing in this section prevents any teacher from 55 56 exchanging his or her lunch recess or a planning period or any service person from exchanging his or her lunch recess 57 58 for any compensation or benefit mutually agreed upon by the 59 employee and the county superintendent or his or her agent: 60 *Provided*, That a teacher and the superintendent or his or her 61 agent may not agree to terms which are different from those available to any other teacher granted rights under this 62 section within the individual school or to terms which in any 63 64 way discriminate among those teachers within the individual 65 school, and a service person granted rights under this section 66 and the superintendent or his or her agent may not agree to terms which are different from those available to any other 67 68 service personnel within the same classification category 69 granted rights under this section within the individual school or to terms which in any way discriminate among those 70

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- 71 service personnel within the same classification category
- 72 within the individual school.
- 73 (d) The state board shall conduct a study on planning
- 74 periods. The study shall include, but not be limited to, the
- 75 appropriate length for planning periods at the various grade
- 76 levels and for the different types of class schedules. The
- 77 board shall report its findings and recommendations to the
- 78 Legislative Oversight Commission on Education
- 79 Accountability no later than December 31, 2013.